

## Precise Condition Synthesis for Program Repair

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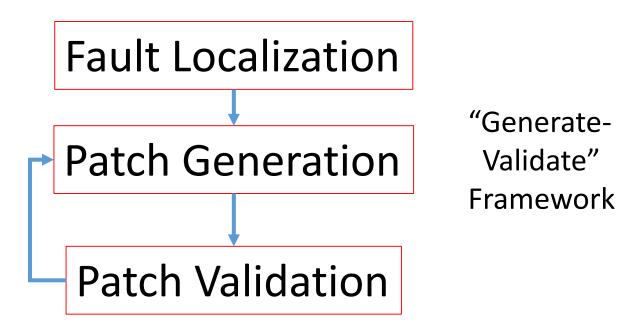


### Test-Based Program Repair



Input: A program and a test suite, with at least a failed test

Output: A patch that makes the program pass all tests



GenProg, PAR, SemFix, Nopol, DirectFix, SPR, QACrashFix, Prophet, Angelix, ...





#### Precision



- The problem of weak test suites [Qi-ISSTA15]
  - Test suites in real world projects are often too weak to guarantee patch correctness
- Precision =  $\frac{\#Correctly\ Repaired\ Defects}{\#All\ Defects\ with\ Patches}$
- Precision of existing approaches<sup>1</sup>

• jGenProg 18.5%<sup>2</sup>

• Nopol 14.3%<sup>2</sup>

• Prophet 38.5%<sup>3</sup>

• Angelix 35.7%<sup>3</sup>





<sup>2.</sup> Evaluated on Defects4J benchmark

<sup>3.</sup> Evaluated on ManyBugs benchmark

#### Goal of This Talk



- Goal: to repair programs with a high precision
- Targeted defect class: condition bugs

```
lcm = Math.abs(a+b);
+ if (lcm == Integer.MIN_Value)
+ throw new ArithmeticException();
```

Missing boundary checks

```
if (hours <= 24)</li>+ if (hours < 24)</li>withinOneDay=true;
```

Conditions too weak or too strong

Condition bugs are common





### ACS System



- ACS = Accurate Condition Synthesis
- Two sets of templates for repair

#### **Oracle Returning**

- Inserting one of the following statement before the last executed statement
  - if (\$C) throw \${Expected Exception};
  - if (\$C) return \${Expected Output};

#### **Condition Modifying**

- Changing the condition located by predicate switching
  - if (\$D) => if (\$D | | \$C)
  - if (\$D) => if (\$D && \$C)

Need to synthesize condition \$C





# Challenge – Many incorrect conditions pass the tests



```
int lcm=Math.abs(
    mulAndCheck(a/gdc(a,b),b));
+if (lcm == Integer.MIN_VALUE) {
+ throw new ArithmeticException();
+}
return lcm;
```

Test 1 (Passed):

Input: a = 1, b = 50

Oracle: lcm = 50

Correct condition:

lcm == Integer.MIN\_VALUE

Test 2 (Failed):

Input: a = Integer.MIN\_VALUE, b = 1

Oracle: Expected(ArithmeticException)

#### Incorrect conditions:

- a != 1
- b == 1
- lcm != 50
- ...

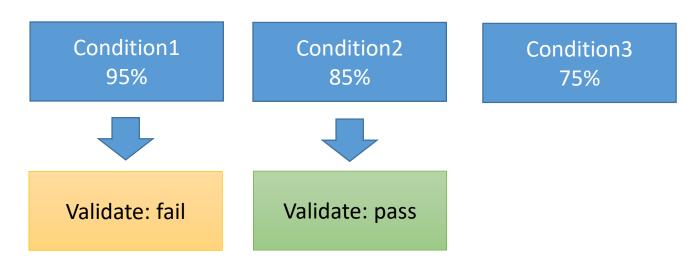




### Idea: Rank the Conditions



- Rank potential conditions by their probabilities of being correct
- Validate the conditions one by one
- Stop validating when the probability is too low



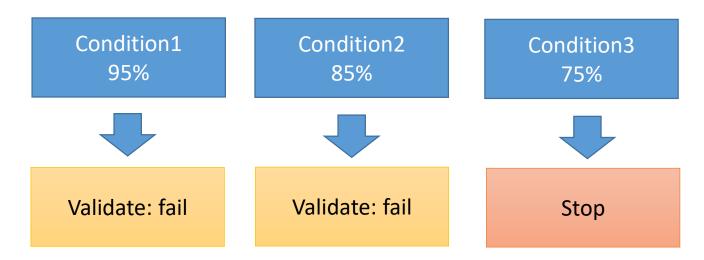




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## Ranking Conditions is Difficult



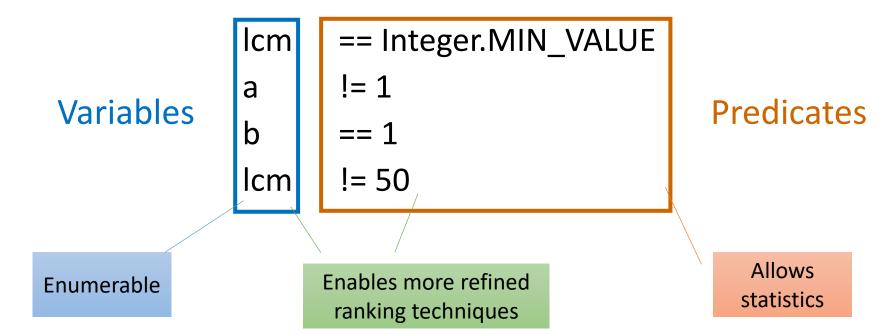
- The number of potential conditions is large
  - Cannot enumerate the conditions
  - Difficult to perform statistics: not enough samples for each condition





## Solution: Divide-and-Conquer





Step 1: Rank variables

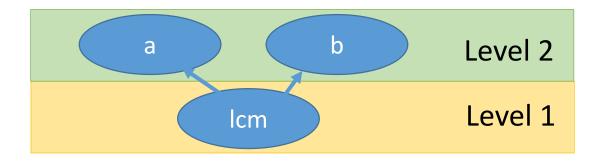
Step 2: Rank predicates for each variable





## Ranking Method 1: Rank Variables by Data-Dependency

- Locality of variable uses: recently assigned variables are more likely to be used
- Rank variables by data-dependency
  - lcm = Math.abs(mulAndCheck(a/gdc(a, b), b))



Consider only variables in the first two levels





# Ranking Method 2: Filter Variables by JavaDoc



```
/** ...

* @throws IllegalArgumentException if initial is not between

* min and max (even if it <em>is </em> a root)

**/
```

Only variable "initial" is considered when throwing IllegalArgumentException





## Ranking Method 3: Rank Predicates by Context



The predicates tested on the variables are related to its context

```
Variable Type

Vector v = ...;
if (v == null) return 0;

int hours = ...;
if (hours < 24)
withinOneDay=true;

int factorial() {
...
if (n < 21) {
...
...
```

- Approximate the conditional probabilities by querying GitHub
- Consider only the predicates whose probabilities are larger than a threshold

# Evaluation: Performance of ACS

Dataset: Four projects from Defects4J benchmark:

- Time, Lang, Math, Chart
- In total 224 defects

Approach	Correct	Incorrect	Precision	Recall
ACS	18	5	78.3%	8.0%
jGenProg	5	22	18.5%	2.2%
Nopol	5	30	14.3%	2.2%
xPAR	3	-4	_4	$1.3\%^{2}$
HistoricalFix <sup>1</sup>	$10(16)^3$	_4	_4	$4.5\%(7.1\%)^{2,3}$





#### Conclusion



- Can programs be automatically repaired with a high precision?
  - Yes, at least as high as 78.3%
- How can programs be repaired with a high precision?
  - Rank the patches by their probabilities of correctness
  - Stop when the probability is too low
- How can we rank them?
  - Divide-and-conquer with refined ranking techniques







## Thank you!



